

EXHIBIT A1

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MAKING PAYMENTS FOR ONLINE AUCTIONS

The present invention provides a method where a participant, i.e., a bidder, of an online auction web site, such as YAHOO!™ Auctions and EBAY™, sets up an account for making payments for items won on the online auction web site. The account is preferably set up by the participant sending a check (preferably made payable to the online auction web site operator) to the operator of the online auction web site or by authorizing the web site operator to credit the participant's credit card by a certain amount. A seller selling items through the online auction web site also sets up an account with the web site operator for receiving payments.

When the participant or bidder wins an item from the online auction web site where the item is provided by the seller, the participant can then click an icon on the web site (or on an e-mail sent by the web site operator to the winning participant or bidder) for initiating a payment transaction. The web site operator then debits the participant's account for the amount of the item won and credits the seller's account by the same amount or by the same amount minus a commission fee earned by the web site operator, e.g., a 10% commission fee. It is noted that the web site operator can also debit the participant's account and credit the seller's account for any fees, such as shipping and handling, taxes, etc.

An e-mail is then transmitted by a server corresponding to the online auction web site to the participant and the seller confirming the payment transaction.

It is contemplated that the online auction web site includes options for a user, e.g., a bidder or seller, to view his/her account information.

It is also contemplated that the accounts are set up and maintained by an independent web site. Accordingly, a winning bidder of an online auction can access the independent web

site either directly (i.e., typing the independent web site's corresponding URL in an address box of a web browser), by clicking a hyperlink on an e-mail provided by the operator of the online auction web site, or by clicking an icon on the online auction web site.

Upon accessing the independent web site, the winning bidder can then initiate a payment transaction by entering at least his/her identification information (e.g., the winning bidder's account number), the amount of the payment, the reason for the payment (e.g., information related to the auction item won), and the seller's identification information (e.g., the seller's account number). Upon entering at least the above information, the winning bidder can then click on an icon, e.g., an icon labeled "PAYMENT", to authorize the operator of the independent web site to debit the winning bidder's account by the entered amount and to credit the seller's account by the entered amount. As noted above, the winning bidder's account can be further debited for fees, such as shipping and handling, taxes, etc., and the seller's account can be credited by the entered amount minus any fees, such as a commission fee. The commission fee in this instance can be shared between the operator of the online auction web site and the operator of the independent web site.

It is contemplated that upon accessing the independent web site, the information noted above as being entered by the winning bidder is automatically provided and displayed by the independent web site. That is, the displayed information is transmitted from a server corresponding to the online auction web site to a server corresponding to the independent web site. Accordingly, the winning bidder needs only to review the displayed information and click the icon to authorize the operator of the independent web site to proceed with the payment transaction.

Upon completion of the payment transaction, an e-mail is sent by the server

corresponding to the independent web site to the winning bidder and seller confirming the payment transaction.

The method for making payments for online auctions according to the present invention is preferably converted into a set of programmable instructions which are executed by a processor to provide a system for performing the method of the present invention.

The attached figure provides a flow chart for performing the method for making payments for online auctions according to the present invention.

EXHIBIT A2

**SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR EFFECTING A REAL-TIME PAYMENT
FOR AN ITEM WON ON AN ELECTRONIC AUCTION**

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a computerized electronic auction payment system and a
5 method for effecting a real-time payment using the computerized electronic auction payment
system for an item won on an electronic auction, where users access the computerized electronic
auction payment system by remote terminals via an electronic network, such as the Internet.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A conventional auction is a prior art process in which bids from bidders are received by
10 an auctioneer for an item to be sold. The bidder whose bid is the highest at the termination of the
auction (the "successful or winning bidder") becomes the purchaser of the item.

With the advent of electronic networks, such as the Internet, electronic auctions have
become tremendously popular. Electronic auctions typically entail a seller of an item accessing
an electronic auction web site, such as EBAY™ and YAHOO!™ Auctions, using a remote
15 terminal and a web browser via the electronic network. The prospective seller then lists the item
for sale with a short description describing the item which may include a scanned photograph of
the item, provides a beginning selling price, and a date and time for the auction to end.

Generally, the date and time for the auction to end must be at least seven to ten days from the
present date and time; the present date and time is generally set as the date and time for the
20 auction to begin by an auction management system, such as software and hardware modules,
overseeing the electronic auction web site.

The seller can also provide, prior to initiating the commencement of the electronic

5 auction, any additional costs the winning bidder will have to pay, such as shipping and handling fees and taxes, and any additional costs the winning bidder is recommended to pay, such as shipping insurance. Additional information which is provided by the seller or the electronic auction web site management system, prior to the commencement of the electronic auction, includes identification information corresponding to the seller, e.g., the seller's user-name, and the seller's location.

10 During the auction, a prospective bidder using a remote terminal accesses the electronic auction web site via the electronic network and views the item for sale. The prospective bidder can then submit a bid by typing a bid amount, which is greater than a displayed current selling price, and entering his user-name. The auction web site then informs the user or bidder whether he is or is not currently the highest bidder. If the bidder is not the highest bidder, the electronic auction web site informs the bidder of the current selling price and offers the bidder an opportunity to bid again.

15 The bidder may not be the highest bidder even though the bidder may have entered a bid amount greater than the displayed current selling price, because each bidder is allowed to enter a maximum bid amount, i.e., the most the bidder is willing to pay for the item. The electronic auction web site, however, typically displays an amount less than the maximum bid amount, which is sufficient to surpass a previous bid, as the displayed current selling price. Hence, a current bidder's bid amount may be greater than the displayed current selling price, but not greater than the previous bidder's maximum bid amount. Therefore, the current bidder will need to bid again if he desires to surpass the previous bidder's maximum bid amount and become the current high bidder.

20

The electronic auction web site also offers a prospective bidder the option of sending an e-mail to the seller via the electronic network in order to obtain additional information about the item offered for sale, prior to bidding for the item. The seller can then e-mail the prospective bidder with the additional information which may assist the prospective bidder in determining whether to bid or not to bid for the item. Further, if the seller realizes that the additional information can be helpful to other prospective bidders, the seller can append the description of the item with the additional information to allow anyone accessing the section of the electronic auction web site listing the item to read the additional information.

At the conclusion of the electronic auction, the electronic auction web site management system deems the bidder who has the highest bid as the winning bidder. To effect payment for the item, an e-mail is sent to the seller and the winning bidder informing them to contact each other to proceed with a payment transaction. Upon the seller notifying the winning bidder of where to send payment, e.g., a check or money order, the winning bidder sends payment equal to the highest bid plus any other costs, such as shipping and handling, shipping insurance, and taxes, as indicated by the seller. Soon after receiving the payment from the winning bidder, the seller ships the item to the winning bidder.

Another prior art method for effecting payment for the item won on the electronic auction entails clicking an icon on the electronic auction web site and accessing a payment web site (or a payment segment of the electronic auction web site). The payment web site typically lists the seller's user-name and the item won. While at the payment web site, the winning bidder enters credit card information and the amount to be charged to his credit card. Subsequently, a management system overseeing the payment web site charges the credit card for the entered

amount to a company or entity affiliated with an operator or owner of the payment web site.

Upon payment confirmation, an e-mail is sent to the seller instructing the seller to ship the item to the winning bidder. After two to three business days, the payment web site management system pays the seller by direct deposit an amount equal to the charged amount minus a

5 commission and a transaction fee. The commission typically paid to the operator or owner of the electronic auction web site and the transaction fee is paid to the operator or owner of the payment web site.

A variation of this method is for the winning bidder to directly transfer his credit card information to the seller. The seller then charges the credit card information and waits for a payment confirmation prior to shipping the item to the winning bidder.

10 ~~It is a~~ drawback of the prior art methods for effecting payment for the item won on the electronic auction ~~is~~ that the winning bidder is apt to waiting prior to effecting payment, since the winning bidder will need to perform several tasks, such as, for example, draft a check made payable to the seller, and mail the check to the seller. The winning bidder is also apt to waiting
15 when he is bidding on other items, since the winning bidder usually prefers to draft checks, obtain money orders, etc. and mail them to the various sellers at one time.

Another drawback is that the seller must wait ~~at~~ at least two business days to several weeks before being paid. For example, in the first prior art method described above, the winning bidder must draft a check, obtain a money order, or some other payment document, and mail it to the
20 seller. This two-step process of paying for the item won typically causes the winning bidder to wait several days before proceeding with payment. Hence, this prior art method causes a delay from the time an auction ended until the time the seller is paid.

[REDACTED]

With the second prior art method described above, the winning bidder must enter his credit card information every time he wins an item on the electronic auction. Besides being cumbersome, a percentage of the population does not own credit cards and a percentage of the population feels uneasy transferring their credit card information via the electronic network, especially to unknown sellers. Further, the winning bidder is apt to waiting until the start of a new credit card billing cycle before transferring his credit card information to pay for the item won on the electronic auction. Again, this prior art method causes a delay from the time the auction ended until the time the seller is paid.

Another drawback with regards to the prior art methods is that the operator of the electronic auction web site must wait several days to several weeks before being paid a commission by the seller. The operator generally gets paid its commission by charging the seller's credit card, usually after e-mailing the seller and asking for the seller's authorization. It is apparent that there exists a delay from the time the auction ended until the time the operator of the electronic auction web site is paid its commission.

Accordingly, there exists a need for effecting a real-time payment for an item won on an electronic auction which overcomes the drawbacks provided above. Further, there exists a need for allowing the winning bidder to effect payment for an item won on an electronic auction without having to type and transfer credit card information over an electronic network. Further still, there exists a need for allowing a winning bidder who does not own a credit card or feels uneasy transferring credit card information via the electronic network to effect payment for an item won on an electronic auction without having to mail a check, a money order, or other payment document to the seller. Finally, there exists a need for allowing an operator of an

electronic auction web site to get paid its commission in real-time at the conclusion of an auction.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention provides a computerized electronic auction payment system and method for effecting a real-time payment for an item won in an electronic auction using the computerized electronic auction payment system, where users access the computerized electronic auction payment system by remote terminals, such as a personal computer, PDA, cellular phone, etc., via an electronic network, such as the Internet. The computerized electronic auction payment system and method of the present invention overcomes the drawbacks of prior art
10 methods and affords additional advantages.

According to an aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method effect a real-time payment for an item won in an electronic auction by setting up and maintaining electronic auction payment accounts for prospective bidders and sellers. The prospective bidders provide funds to their electronic auction payment accounts
15 maintained by the computerized electronic auction payment system, prior to being deemed as winning bidders, via direct deposit, using a credit card, or sending a check, money order, or other financial document to an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system. In one embodiment, upon being deemed as a winning bidder, the winning bidder accesses a payment page, enters the total amount of funds to be transferred to the seller, and authorizes the
20 computerized electronic auction payment system to effect a real-time payment by debiting his, i.e., the winning bidder's, respective electronic auction payment account and crediting the

electronic auction payment account of the seller, and/or another account specified by the seller.

In an alternate embodiment, the prospective bidder authorizes the computerized electronic auction payment system to effect a real-time payment to the seller upon the prospective bidder being deemed the winning bidder (i.e., immediately following the conclusion of the auction).

5 That is, without the winning bidder having to access the payment page.

According to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method enable a winning bidder to effect payment for an item won on an electronic auction without having to type and transfer credit card information over an electronic network.

10 Further, according to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method enable a winning bidder who does not own a credit card or feels uneasy transferring credit card information via an electronic network to effect payment for an item won on an electronic auction without having to mail a check, a money order, or other payment document to the seller.

15 Further, according to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method enable an operator of an electronic auction web site to get paid its commission in real-time at the conclusion of an auction or upon authorization by a winning bidder.

20 Further still, according to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method provide insurance to a winning bidder, in the case where the item won is never shipped to the winning bidder or the item turns out to be non-genuine and/or damaged without the fault of the courier, i.e., shipping insurance will not cover

the damaged item. Accordingly, an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system and method is deemed as being an insurance agent.

Further yet, according to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method invest funds stored within electronic auction payment accounts set up by users of an electronic auction web site. Accordingly, an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system and method is deemed as being an investment broker.

Yet still, according to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method are capable of cashing checks drafted against electronic auction payment accounts set up by users of an electronic auction web site. Accordingly, an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system and method is deemed as being a banker.

Also, according to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method make loans to users of an electronic auction web site who have set up electronic auction payment accounts. Accordingly, an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system and method is deemed as being a loan officer.

Finally, according to another aspect of the present invention, the computerized electronic auction payment system and method provide incentives to users of an electronic auction web site for setting up and maintaining electronic auction payment accounts for buying and selling items using the electronic auction web site. Accordingly, an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system and method is deemed as being a promoter.

In particular, the present invention provides a payment system for effecting payment to a

seller of an item offered for an auction sale and won by a winning bidder at the conclusion of an electronic auction. The system includes a database containing a plurality of electronic auction payment accounts, where the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts are configured for storing funds therein, and where one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts corresponds to the winning bidder and one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts corresponds to the seller, and a web server computer including application software for effecting payment by accessing the database and debiting an electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder and crediting at least one account corresponding to the seller.

The present invention also provides a method for effecting payment of an item offered for an auction sale by a seller and won by a winning bidder at the conclusion of an electronic auction where computer terminals of potential purchasers are used to access a computer site maintained by an auction server computer. The method includes the steps of:

debiting an electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder, where the electronic auction payment account is configured for storing funds therein, and crediting at least one account corresponding to the seller to effect payment of the item won by the winning bidder.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing and other aspects and advantages will be better understood from the following detailed description of preferred embodiments of the invention with reference to the drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is an overview of a network computing environment including the computerized

electronic auction payment system according to the invention;

FIG. 2A is a flow chart illustrating logic processing steps for setting up electronic auction payment accounts using the computerized electronic auction payment system according to the invention;

5 FIG. 2B is a flow chart illustrating logic processing steps for effecting a real-time payment using the computerized electronic auction payment system where the winning bidder accesses a payment page according to the invention; and

FIG. 3 illustrates a print of a registration page that the computerized electronic auction payment system provides to a user for entering registration information;

10 FIGS. 4A-4B illustrates prints of a payment registration page that the computerized electronic auction payment system provides to a user for entering payment information;

FIG. 5 illustrates a print of the payment page that the computerized electronic auction payment system provides to the winning bidder at the conclusion of an electronic auction;

15 FIG. 6 illustrates a print of a confirmation page that the computerized electronic auction payment system provides to the winning bidder to confirm the entered payment information; and

FIG. 7 illustrates a print of a bill of sale page that the computerized electronic auction payment system provides to the winning bidder upon authorizing payment to the seller.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

20 FIG. 1 is an overview of a network computing environment 100 which includes the computerized electronic auction payment system according to the invention designated generally by reference numeral 110. The network computing environment 100 is designed to allow a host

of users shown as 102 access to an electronic auction web site via a network, such as the Internet 106. Each of the users 102 has a computer terminal with the appropriate software, e.g., a web browser, for accessing the Internet 106. The users 102 are unknown to web server computers 107 and 108 of an electronic auction system 112, such as EBAY™. The web server computers 107 and 108 include custom written application software to maintain the electronic auction web site and allow each user 102 to browse the electronic auction web site and bid for items and/or sell items as known in the art.

The web server computers 107 and 108 of system 112 also allow each user to access the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 for effecting a real-time payment at the conclusion of an electronic auction. The web server computers 107 and 108 also provide data to the computerized electronic auction payment system 110, such as the names of the winning bidder and seller at the conclusion of the electronic auction.

The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 includes a database of electronic auction payment accounts 114 and a web server computer 116 having a processor 118 capable of executing a set of programmable instructions stored within a memory 119. The set of programmable instructions are custom written application software to enable the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to perform various functions and methods described herein, such as maintaining the database of electronic auction payment accounts 114, and executing user-specified instructions, such as to loan funds to the user 102 if the user 102 has insufficient funds in his account to effect payment. The set of programmable instructions also enable the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to perform the inventive method of enabling a winning bidder to effect the real-time payment of an item won on the electronic

auction web site as described below with reference to FIGS. 2A-7.

As shown by the large dotted box marked "A" in FIG. 1, the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 is located locally with the web server computers 107 and 108 and is connected to the Internet 106 directly and via the web server computers 107 and 108. The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 maintains a payment segment of the electronic auction web site and also enables a user 102 to access the payment segment.

It is contemplated that the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 can also be located remotely from the web server computers 107 and 108 for maintaining the payment segment or an auction payment web site independent from the electronic auction web site and for enabling the user 102 to access the payment segment or the auction payment web site. The payment segment of the electronic auction web site or the independent auction payment web site are accessed by conventional methods, e.g., by the user 102 clicking an icon on the electronic auction web site, by the user 102 clicking a hyperlink on an e-mail, and by the user 102 typing the appropriate URL in the user's web browser.

The web server computers 107 and 108 share the responsibility for servicing the users of the electronic auction web site. The web server computer 116 has the responsibility for registering users of the system 110 and servicing the registered users as described below.

The web server computers 107 and 108 are identical and can be duplicated as additional load on the electronic auction system 112 occurs. The web server computer 116 can also be duplicated as additional load on the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 occurs. The duplication arrangement provides for immediate expandability of the electronic auction system 112 and the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 by merely adding

additional web server computers as necessary. It is contemplated that network computing environment 100 is provided with one type of computer server for performing the functions of the web server computers 107 and 108 and the web server computer 116.

Each electronic auction payment account is configured for storing funds (similar to a bank account) which can be used to effect payment, and not information relating to sources which can be used to initiate payment, such as a credit card information. Further, each electronic auction payment account is configured for the system 110 to loan funds to. In case there are insufficient funds therein, to effect payment, as described below.

With reference to FIG. 2A there is shown a flow chart illustrating logic processing steps for setting up an electronic auction payment account for effecting the real-time payment using the electronic auction web site's payment segment maintained by the computerized electronic auction payment system 110. Step 200 provides for the user 102 of the electronic auction web site, such as EBAY™ and YAHOO!™ Auctions, to access a registration page 300 (see FIG. 3) of the payment segment to register and set up the electronic auction payment account.

With reference to FIG. 3, the registration page 300 includes several fields 302 for the user 102 to enter identifying information, such as first name, last name, date of birth, citizenship, mailing address, and social security number. It is contemplated that fields can also be provided for registering corporations, organization, legal partnerships, etc. Such fields could require the user 102 to enter a corporate name and a tax identification number.

The registration page 300 also includes a field 304 for the user 102 to enter a user-name. The user-name could be identical to a user-name which the user 102 has been previously assigned by the electronic auction system 112. The registration page 300 further includes a field

306 for the user 102 to enter a password. The password could be identical to a password which the user 102 has been previously assigned by the electronic auction system 112.

Upon entering the appropriate information on the registration page 300, the user 102 then clicks on a "NEXT" soft button 308. Upon clicking the "NEXT" soft button 308, the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 sets up the electronic auction payment account having the entered information and stores the electronic auction payment account within the database of electronic auction payment accounts 114 (step 202). The process then proceeds to step 204 where a payment registration page 400 (see FIG. 4A) of the payment segment is accessed.

It is contemplated that prior to proceeding to step 204, the system 110 forwards the entered information to a credit checking system to verify the credit rating of the user 102.

With reference to FIG. 4A, the payment registration page 400 allows each user 102 to enter payment information (step 206). The payment registration page 400 includes several fields 402 for entering bank account information corresponding to a bank account the user 102 wants the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to transfer funds from and to his electronic auction payment account.

The payment registration page 400 also includes several fields 404 for entering credit card information, in order for the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to charge the user's credit card and deposit funds to the user's electronic auction payment account, prior to the user 102 being deemed a winning bidder for an item won on the electronic auction web site. The credit card information entered within fields 404 are also used by the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to credit the user's credit card where the user 102 is the seller as

described below. It is contemplated that the payment registration page 400 includes additional fields for entering other types of sources, such as other credit cards, other bank accounts, investment brokerage and corporate accounts, to be used for transferring funds to and from the user's electronic auction payment account.

5 The payment registration page 400 also provides an address 406 for the user 102 to mail his payment information (e.g., bank account information, and credit card information) or a check/money order payable to an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system 110, if the user 102 feels uneasy transferring his bank account and/or credit card information over the Internet 106. A phone number is also listed for the user 102 to be able to
10 call a representative of the system 110 to provide payment information.

 The payment registration page 400 of the payment segment further includes allocation fields 408 for the user 102 to indicate what percentage of funds deposited to his electronic auction payment account should be derived from charging his credit card and what percentage of funds deposited to his electronic auction payment account should be derived by transferring
15 funds from his bank account. If only a single source is entered in payment registration page 400, then 100% of funds deposited to the user's electronic auction payment account are derived from that source, and the user 102 does not need to enter any percentages in allocation fields 408.

 The payment registration page 400 also includes allocation fields 410 for the user 102 to indicate what percentage of funds transferred to his electronic auction payment account from
20 other electronic auction payment accounts should subsequently be credited to his credit card and what percentage of funds transferred to his electronic auction payment account should subsequently be transferred by direct deposit to his bank account. If the percentages entered in

each of the allocation fields 410 total less than 100%, then a percentage of the funds transferred to the user's electronic auction payment account from other electronic auction payment accounts are retained within the user's electronic auction payment account. Accordingly, the total percentages entered plus the percentage of funds retained within the user's electronic auction payment account equals 100%.

It is contemplated that the system 110 automatically transfers the percentage of funds allocated to user-specified accounts without first transferring these funds to the user's electronic auction payment account.

Since each user 102 of the electronic auction system 112 can use the system 112 to buy and sell items, it is preferred that each user 102 provide allocation percentages in fields 408 and 410. The fields 408 and 410 can be expanded for entering additional percentages relating to other accounts, such as investment brokerage and corporate accounts, which could be used for depositing and withdrawing funds to and from the electronic auction payment accounts.

The percentages entered in allocation fields 408 and 410, like other information entered within the payment segment of the electronic auction web site, can be changed and/or reviewed by the user 102 accessing his electronic auction payment account stored within the database of electronic auction payment accounts 114. The user 102 can access his electronic auction payment account by clicking a "MY PAYMENT ACCOUNT" icon while in the electronic auction web site to access a sign-in or log-in page for entering one's user-name and password, and clicking a "LOG-IN" icon.

The payment registration page 400 also includes a deposit field 412 for the user 102 to enter the amount of funds he wants to deposit into his electronic auction payment account

from the various sources entered in fields 402 and 404. A withdrawal field 414 is also provided for the user 102 to enter the amount of funds he wants to withdraw from his electronic auction payment account and transfer to the various sources entered in fields 402 and 404.

5 An automatic payment field 416 is further provided for the user 102 to authorize the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to debit the user's electronic auction payment account in real-time every time the user 102 is deemed a winning bidder. If the user 102 checks this field/then, at the conclusion of an electronic auction, if the user 102 is deemed the winning bidder, then the system 110 in real-time/debits the user's electronic auction payment account/and credits an electronic auction payment account corresponding to the seller, and/or other user-specified accounts corresponding to the seller as described above with reference to fields 402 and 404. The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 is provided with the names and identification information of the winning bidder and seller by the electronic auction system 112.

15 If the user 102, i.e., the winning bidder, has no funds in his respective electronic auction payment account, the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 loans system funds to the user 102 to effect the real-time payment. The system 110 loans system funds to the user 102, only if the user 102 has authorized the system 110 to loan system funds as described below. Preferably, the system 110 stores system funds in a system account maintained by a system account database 120, as shown by FIG. 1. The system account database 120 is accessible by the 20 web server 116 for transferring and loaning system funds stored in the system account to the user's electronic auction payment account.

The system account database 120 is also accessible by an external financial system 122,

such as a financial institution's local area network, for transferring funds to and from the system account maintained by the system account database 120, upon authorization by the web server 116. For example, the web server 116 can authorize the external financial system to wire funds in the amount of US\$100,000 to the system account. These funds can then be used as system funds for loaning to users 102 of the system 110 and for other purposes.

The funds debited from the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account and credited to the seller's electronic auction payment account in real-time by the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 are preferably equal to the final auction price plus any shipping and handling fees, and taxes. It is contemplated that the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 is provided with the total amount of the shipping and handling fees from the electronic auction system 112. The system 112 stores these fees from the moment they were inputted by the seller at the time the seller listed the item on the electronic auction web site.

It is further contemplated that the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 debits the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account and credits the seller's electronic auction payment account to cover for taxes when the winning bidder and seller are from the same state or locality. This is determined by checking the state or locality corresponding to the winning bidder and the seller as stored within the database of electronic auction payment accounts 114. If the states or localities match, then the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 accordingly debits the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account to cover for taxes corresponding to that state or locality. It is, however, understood that the system 110 can be programmed to debit the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account to cover for taxes (equal to a pre-programmed percentage corresponding to the state or locality and credit the

seller's payment account) even when the states or localities do not match, and/or to only debit to cover for taxes when the seller has indicated to the system 110 during the registration process or afterwards that he is a merchant, or other entity obligated by law to charge and pay taxes.

The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 further withholds a predetermined percentage of the funds obtained by debiting the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account while effecting the real-time payment when the automatic payment field 416 is checked. These funds are withheld by the system 110 to pay the commission fees of the operator of the system 110 and/or the operator of the electronic auction system 112. The withheld funds are preferably stored within the system account maintained by the system account database 120. The remaining or non-withheld funds are then credited to the electronic auction payment account of the seller, and/or other seller-specified accounts as described above with reference to fields 402 and 404.

Additionally, the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 debits the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account for purchasing insurance and/or to cover personal guarantee fees, if the winning bidder has accordingly indicated as described below. These funds are stored within the system account maintained by the system account database 120 to cover personal guarantee fees, or are transferred to the external financial system 122 to purchase insurance.

At the conclusion of the real-time payment, an e-mail is transmitted to the winning bidder and the seller confirming the transaction. The e-mail also indicates the total amount of funds debited, withheld and transferred, the mailing address of the winning bidder, the auction item, and the final auction price. The mailing address of the winning bidder is preferably obtained

from the database of electronic auction payment accounts 114. The auction item and the final auction price are obtained or transmitted from the electronic auction system 112. The e-mail can further include a hyperlink for linking to a web site where the winning bidder and seller can leave comments regarding their payment transaction. A hyperlink can also be included for viewing
5 and/or printing a bill of sale or receipt.

It is contemplated that the automatic payment feature is overridden if the winning bidder does not have enough funds in his electronic auction payment account and has not indicated to the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to use system funds as described below. If this is the case, the system 110 informs the winning bidder by e-mail, by sending a page,
10 facsimile, etc. of the fact that the winning bidder does not have enough funds within his electronic auction payment account to effect a real-time payment of the item won.

The winning bidder can then transfer funds into his electronic auction payment account and then access the payment page 500 as described below with reference to FIG. 5; authorize the system 110 to use system funds and then access the payment page 500 as described below; or
15 mail a check, money order, etc. to the seller.

With reference to FIG. 4B, the payment registration page 400, or a sub-page thereof, further includes option fields 418a-f. Option field 418a permits the user 102 to specify an amount of funds to be transferred by the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 from sources specified in fields 402 and 404 to the user's electronic auction payment account, if
20 the total amount of funds within the user's electronic auction payment account is less than a user-specified amount.

Option field 418b permits the user 102 to indicate an amount of funds to be transferred by

the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 from sources specified in fields 402 and 404 to the user's electronic auction payment account on a user-specified periodic basis, e.g.) daily, weekly, or monthly.

Option fields 418c-f are yes/no option fields. If the field is clicked, then the user 102 has indicated "yes"; if the field is not clicked, then the user 102 has indicated "no". Option field 418c permits the user 102 to indicate whether the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 should replenish from sources specified in fields 402 and 404, any funds debited for transferring funds to other electronic auction payment accounts, e.g., upon effecting a payment after the conclusion of an auction. Option field 418d permits the user 102 to indicate whether the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 should use system funds, as stored within the system account, to effect payment for items won by the user 102, if the user's electronic auction payment account does not have sufficient funds to effect payment for the item won.

It is contemplated that the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 charges the user 102 interest for using system funds to effect payment. The interest charged is stored within the user's electronic auction payment account in order to allow the user 102 to view the outstanding interest charges by accessing his account. The total interest charged to all the users is preferably stored in the system account database 120 to allow the system 110 to easily determine the amount of interest due to the operator of the system 110. It is further contemplated that the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 automatically, or on a periodic basis, withdraws funds which are transferred to the user's electronic auction payment account and transfers these funds to the system account database 120 if the system 110 has used system funds to effect payment for the user 102 and the funds are currently outstanding, i.e., not paid.

It is further contemplated that the computerized electronic auction payment system "locks out" the user 102 from using the electronic auction web site, if the user 102 owes money greater than a predetermined amount to the system 110 and the user 102 has not paid a predetermined percentage of the money owed for a predetermined period of time. For example, the user 102 gets "locked out" if he owes the system 110 US\$400 and has not paid 10% or US\$40 to the system 110 during the last four weeks.

Option field 418e permits the user 102 to indicate whether the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 should effect insurance coverage for items won by the user 102. This field also permits the user 102 to indicate a minimum final auction price for effecting insurance coverage. For example, the user 102 can indicate that the system 110 should effect insurance coverage only when the final auction price is greater than or equal to US\$500. An icon 419 is displayed which the user can click to view a listing of the insurance charges for a range of final auction prices.

If the user 102 indicates in option field 418e that the system 110 should effect insurance coverage for items won where the final auction price is greater than or equal to the minimum final auction price, then in every such instance, the system 110 also withdraws from (or, in case there are insufficient funds in the user's electronic auction payment account and the user 102 has indicated "yes" in option field 418d, loans to) the user's electronic auction payment account an amount equal to the insurance charge for the item won, if the final auction price is greater than or equal to the user-specified minimum final auction price. The system 110 stores these funds in the system account within the system account database 120 and then uses a portion of these funds, as directed by the web server 116, to purchase insurance for the item won by the user 102

from the external financial system 122 which may be an independent or affiliated insurance company or broker. The system 110 retains the other portion of the funds as an insurance purchase service fee. The retained portion can be stored within the system account, or preferably transferred to an interest-bearing account corresponding to the operator of the system 110. The interest-bearing account can be maintained by the external financial system 122. If the item turns out to be non-genuine and/or damaged, then the user 102 who bought insurance on the item can make a claim, to recover the funds transferred to the seller.

It is also contemplated that field 418e indicates to the user 102 that by indicating "yes", then any items won having a final auction price greater than or equal to the minimum final auction price are personally guaranteed by the operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 for a predetermined guarantee fee. Accordingly, the operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 personally guarantees any auction items won by the user 102 which have a final auction price which is greater than or equal to the user-specified minimum final auction price. Hence, the system 110 debits the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account to cover for personal guarantee fees and transfers the debited funds to the system account maintained by the system account database 120.

Option field 418f permits the user 102 to indicate whether the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 should issue and mail checks to the user 102. The user 102 can then use the issued checks to draft checks against his respective electronic auction payment account. The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 or an independent accounting system, e.g., the external financial system 122, keeps track of checks drafted against electronic auction payment accounts and instructs the system 110 to deduct funds from the appropriate accounts.

The payment registration page 400 also offers the user 102 incentives for providing information in option fields 418a and 418b and for indicating "yes" to one or more of option fields 418c-f. For example, as indicated by icon 420, the user 102 can be offered the incentive of the system 110 periodically adding a predetermined amount of funds to the user's electronic auction payment account if the user 102 indicates "yes" in option fields 418c-f. The user 102 can also be offered the incentive of the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 paying any shipping and handling charges for items won by the user 102 on the electronic auction web site.

The user 102 can also be offered incentives based on the amount of funds periodically transferred to his electronic auction payment account as indicated in option field 418b. For example, if the user 102 transfers less than or equal to US\$50 to his electronic auction payment account every week, then he has a 20% chance of winning a weekly sweepstakes drawing for a prize as conducted by the electronic auction payment system 110. If the user 102 transfers less than or equal to US\$100 to his electronic auction payment account every week, then he has a 30% chance of winning the weekly sweepstakes drawing as conducted by the electronic auction payment system 110, and so on. A similar incentive can also be offered to the user 102 based on an average amount of funds used by the user 102 to buy auction items during a predetermined period, e.g., in a given month.

It is contemplated that these and other incentives are also indicated on the electronic auction web site where unregistered and registered users can view the incentives. For example, one incentive which could be offered by the electronic auction payment system 110 and indicated on the electronic auction web site is that all registered users of the system 110 are automatically

entered in periodic sweepstakes where they have the opportunity to win various prizes, such as US\$1,000.

Investment fields 422 are also provided by the payment registration page 400 of the payment segment for the user 102 to indicate how he wants his funds within his electronic auction payment account invested, e.g., a money market fund, a mutual fund account, etc. The funds can be invested by transferring the funds, upon instructions from the web server 116, to the external financial system 122, which could be, for example, an investment brokerage firm's system. If none of the investment fields 422 are selected by the user 102, the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 does not invest the user's funds.

The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 periodically adds funds to the user's electronic auction payment account reflecting any interest accrued by investing the user's funds. The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 retains a portion of the interest accrued by investing the user's funds as an investment service fee, prior to adding funds to the user's electronic auction payment account. The retained interest is stored within the system account, or preferably, transferred to an interest-bearing account corresponding to the operator of the system 110 and maintained by the external financial system 122. It is contemplated to provide incentives to the user 102 for authorizing the computerized electronic auction payment system to invest the user's funds.

Upon entering the appropriate information on the payment registration page 400, the user 102 then clicks on a "NEXT" soft button 424. Upon clicking the "NEXT" soft button 424, the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 appends the respective electronic auction payment account with the information entered in payment registration page 400 and stores the

appended electronic auction payment account within the database of electronic auction payment accounts 114 (step 208 of FIG. 2A).

At step 210, a confirmation message page (not shown) is then presented to the user 102 indicating that his electronic auction payment account has been appropriately set up or changed (in case the user 102 accessed a previously set up electronic auction payment account and changed the information provided therein). The confirmation message page also indicates if any transactions are set to occur or have occurred based upon the information entered in the payment registration page 400. For example, a message can indicate that US\$325 was withdrawn from the user's electronic auction payment account and transferred to the user's bank account as specified in field 402. Another message can indicate that US\$325 was withdrawn from the user's bank account as specified in field 402 and transferred to the user's electronic auction payment account.

It is contemplated that a message is also presented to the user 102 asking for a confirmation from the user 102 prior to the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 proceeding with a specified transaction, such as "By clicking the YES button, US\$325 will be transferred to Republic Bank Account No. 4356123. By clicking the CANCEL button, the transaction will be canceled."

A description will now be provided with reference to FIG. 2B for effecting a real-time payment using the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 at the conclusion of an electronic auction provided by the electronic auction system 112. The flow chart of FIG. 2B illustrates a real-time payment as initiated by the winning bidder by accessing a payment page of the payment segment of the electronic auction web site or an independent auction payment web

site. That is, if the user 102 has not indicated "yes" in automatic payment field 416. As described above, a real-time payment can also be performed in real-time by the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 if the winning bidder has indicated "yes" in automatic payment field 416.

5 At step 220, after the winning bidder wins an auction item from the electronic auction web site, the winning bidder initiates a real-time payment, e.g., by clicking an icon on the electronic auction web site or by clicking a hyperlink provided on an e-mail transmitted by the electronic auction system 112 to the winning bidder and seller for accessing the payment segment. At step 222, the payment page, designated by reference numeral 500 in FIG. 5, is
10 accessed, and the winning bidder then enters the amount of funds to be transferred to the seller in field 502. The amount of funds to be transferred to the seller could be, for example, the sum of the final auction price, the shipping and handing fees, and the taxes.

In the payment page 500, the winning bidder can also enter the amount of funds to be transferred to the system account database 120 in field 504, if the winning bidder elects to
15 purchase insurance and/or have the operator of the system 110 personally guarantee the item won. It is noted that field 504 is already filled out by the system 110 if the winning bidder has pre-designated in field 418e for the system 110 to automatically provide insurance and/or personally guarantee the item won, and the final auction price is greater than or equal to the minimum final auction price provided in field 418e. The winning bidder can click on icon 506
20 for a list of insurance prices, similarly, to icon 419.

The payment page 500 also includes fields 508 providing various information. Fields 508 can provide, for example, the auction item number of the item won by the winning bidder, a

description of the item, the seller's user-name, the buyer's user-name, and the final auction price. The winning bidder then enters his password in field 510, and then clicks the "NEXT" soft button 512. Upon clicking the "NEXT" soft button 512, the winning bidder accesses a confirmation page in step 224. The confirmation page is shown by FIG. 6 and designated generally by reference numeral 600.

The confirmation page 600 includes several fields: field 602 provides the auction item number; field 604 provides the seller's user-name; field 606 provides the buyer's user-name; field 608 provides the amount of funds to be transferred to the seller as entered in field 502 of the payment page 500; and field 610 indicates the amount of insurance purchased or if no insurance was purchased.

Field 612 indicates the amount of funds within the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account, and field 614 indicates the total amount of system funds to be used, if there are insufficient funds in the winning bidder's payment account and the winning bidder has indicated in field 418d for the system 110 to use system funds. Once the winning bidder has read the information provided by the confirmation page, he then authorizes payment at step 226 by clicking the "PAYMENT" soft button 616.

Upon clicking the "PAYMENT" soft button 612, the computerized electronic auction payment system debits the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account in by an amount equal to the amount entered in field 502 and credits the seller's electronic auction payment account and/or other accounts indicated by the seller in fields 402 and 404 in real-time, in accordance with the percentages entered in field 410. If insurance/personal guarantee has been specified by the winning bidder in field 504, the system 110 accordingly debits the winning

bidder's electronic auction payment account in real-time, as described above, to purchase insurance and/or personal guarantee the auction item and to pay itself a service fee.

It is noted that if the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account does not have sufficient funds, the system 110 loans system funds from the system account to the winning bidder to effect payment, if the winning bidder has so indicated in field 418d. The amount of funds debited from the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account are replenished from sources indicated in field 408, if the winning bidder has so indicated in field 418c. Further, a pre-specified amount of funds are transferred to the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account, if the total amount of funds in the winning bidder's payment account are less than the pre-specified amount of funds as indicated in field 418a, following the transfer of funds to the seller's electronic auction payment account.

The computerized electronic auction payment system 110 withholds a predetermined percentage of the funds entered in field 502 upon the "PAYMENT" soft button 612 being clicked. These funds are withheld by the system 110 to pay the commission fees of the operator of the system 110 and/or the operator of the electronic auction system 112. The withheld funds are preferably stored within the system account maintained by the system account database 120.

It is contemplated that the payment transaction is stopped if the winning bidder does not have enough funds in his electronic auction payment account and has not indicated in field 418d for the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 to use system funds. If this is the case, the system 110 informs the winning bidder by a message upon the winning bidder clicking the "PAYMENT" soft button 612 of the fact that the winning bidder does not have enough funds to effect a real-time payment of the item won. The winning bidder can then transfer funds into

his electronic auction payment account and then re-access the payment page 500; authorize the system 110 to use system funds by clicking field 418d and then re-access the payment page 500; or mail a check, money order, etc. to the seller.


At step 228, the computerized electronic auction payment system 110 displays a bill of sale or receipt, as shown by FIG. 7 and designated generally by reference numeral 700, indicating completion of the payment. The bill of sale 700 includes several fields: field 702 provides the auction item number; field 704 provides a description of the item won; field 706 provides the seller's user-name; field 708 provides the winning bidder's user-name; field 710 provides the electronic auction payment account number of the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account; field 712 provides the amount of funds transferred to the seller; and field 714 indicates if insurance was purchased by the winning bidder. The winning bidder can then click soft button 716 to print the bill of sale 700.

At step 230, an e-mail is transmitted to the winning bidder and the seller confirming the transaction. The e-mail also indicates the total amount of funds debited, withheld and transferred, the mailing address of the winning bidder, the auction item, and the final auction price. The mailing address of the winning bidder is preferably obtained from the database of electronic auction payment accounts 114. The auction item and the final auction price are obtained or transmitted from the electronic auction system 112. The e-mail can further include a hyperlink for linking to a web site where the winning bidder and seller can leave comments regarding their payment transaction. A hyperlink can also be included for viewing and/or printing the bill of sale or receipt as shown by FIG. 7.

For simplicity only a particular type of electronic auction has been described above in

accordance with the system and method of the present invention. However, one skilled in the art can apply the inventive system and method to other types of electronic auctions, such as electronic Dutch auctions.

Although various preferred embodiments of the present invention have been described herein in detail, it will be appreciated by those skilled in the art, that variations may be made thereto without departing from the spirit of the invention or the scope of the appended claims.



CLAIMS

We claim:

1. A method for effecting payment of an item offered for an auction sale by a seller and won by a winning bidder at the conclusion of an electronic auction where computer terminals of potential purchasers are used to access a computer site maintained by an auction server computer, said method comprising the steps of:

debiting an electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder, where the electronic auction payment account is configured for storing funds therein, and crediting at least one account corresponding to the seller to effect payment of the item won by the winning bidder.

2. The method according to Claim 1, further comprising the step of maintaining a plurality of electronic auction payment accounts corresponding to potential users of the computer site, wherein the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts includes the electronic auction payment corresponding to the winning bidder and an electronic auction payment account corresponding to the seller.

3. The method according to Claim 2, wherein the at least one credited account corresponding to the seller includes at least the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the seller.

4. The method according to Claim 1, further comprising the step of receiving

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
authorization from the winning bidder to debit the electronic auction payment account
corresponding to the winning bidder and to credit the at least one account corresponding to the
seller prior to the steps of debiting the winning bidder's electronic auction payment account and
crediting the at least one account corresponding to the seller.

5 5. The method according to Claim 1, wherein the steps of debiting and crediting are
performed in real-time.

6. The method according to Claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

determining if there are sufficient funds in the electronic auction payment account
corresponding to the winning bidder to effect payment; and

10 loaning funds to effect payment, if there are not sufficient funds in the electronic auction
payment account corresponding to the winning bidder.

7. The method according to Claim 6, further comprising the step of charging interest
by an operator of the auction server computer for loaning funds to effect payment.

8. The method according to Claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

15 determining if the winning bidder has indicated a purchase of insurance and/or for a
personal guarantee of the item won; and

debiting the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder for
an amount of funds to cover the purchase of insurance and/or for the personal guarantee of the

[REDACTED]
item/won) if the winning bidder has indicated the purchase of insurance and/or for the personal
guarantee of the item/won. [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

9. The method according to Claim 8, further comprising the step of retaining, by an operator of the auction server computer, a portion of the amount of funds debited as a service fee for the purchase of insurance and/or for the personal guarantee of the item/work. [REDACTED]

10. The method according to Claim 2, further comprising the step of initiating the investment of funds corresponding to at least one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts.

11. The method according to Claim 10, further comprising the steps of:
allocating a percentage of funds gained by investing the funds to the at least one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts; and
retaining, by an operator of the auction server computer, a percentage of funds gained by investing the funds.

12. The method according to Claim 2, further comprising the step of issuing checks to at least one potential user having a corresponding electronic auction payment account.

13. The method according to Claim 1, further comprising the step of retaining, by an operator of the auction server computer, a percentage of funds debited from the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder prior to crediting the at least one account corresponding to the seller.

[REDACTED]

14. A system for effecting payment of an item offered for an auction sale by a seller and won by a winning bidder at the conclusion of an electronic auction where computer terminals of potential purchasers are used to access a computer site maintained by an auction server computer, said system comprising:

5 means for maintaining a plurality of electronic auction payment accounts corresponding to potential users of the computer site, where the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts are configured for storing funds therein, and the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts include an electronic auction payment corresponding to the winning bidder and an electronic auction payment account corresponding to the seller;

means for debiting the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder; and

means for crediting at least one account corresponding to the seller to effect payment of the item won by the winning bidder.

15. The system according to Claim 14, further comprising:

15 means for determining if there are sufficient funds in the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder to effect payment; and

means for loaning funds to effect payment, if there are not sufficient funds in the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder.

16. The system according to Claim 15, further comprising means for charging interest for loaning funds to effect payment.

20

17. The system according to Claim 14, further comprising means for initiating the investment of funds corresponding to at least one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts.

18. The system according to Claim 17, further comprising:

5 means for allocating a percentage of funds gained by investing the funds to the at least one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts; and

means for retaining a percentage of funds gained by investing the funds.

19. The system according to Claim 14, further comprising means for retaining a

percentage of funds debited from the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the

10 [REDACTED] winning bidder prior to crediting the at least one account corresponding to the seller.
[REDACTED]

20. The system according to Claim 14, wherein the means for debiting and the means

for crediting debit the electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder [REDACTED]

and credit the at least one account corresponding to the seller, respectively, in real-time.


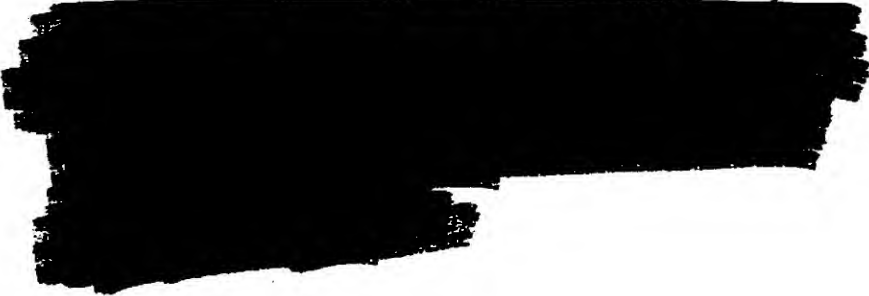
21. A payment system for effecting payment to a seller of an item offered for an auction sale and won by a winning bidder at the conclusion of an electronic auction, said system comprising:

5 a database containing a plurality of electronic auction payment accounts, where the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts are configured for storing funds therein, and where one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts corresponds to the winning bidder and one of the plurality of electronic auction payment accounts corresponds to the seller; and

10 a web server computer including application software for effecting payment by accessing the database and debiting an electronic auction payment account corresponding to the winning bidder and crediting at least one account corresponding to the seller.

ABSTRACT

The invention provides a computerized electronic auction payment system and method for effecting a real-time payment for an item won in an electronic auction by setting up and maintaining electronic auction payment accounts for prospective bidders and sellers. The prospective bidders provide funds to their electronic auction payment accounts maintained by the computerized electronic auction payment system, prior to being deemed as winning bidders, via direct deposit, using a credit card, or sending a check, money order, or other financial document to an operator of the computerized electronic auction payment system. In one embodiment, upon being deemed as a winning bidder, the winning bidder accesses a payment page, enters the total amount of funds to be transferred to the seller, and authorizes the computerized electronic auction payment system to effect a real-time payment by debiting his, i.e., the winning bidder's, respective electronic auction payment account and crediting the electronic auction payment account of the seller, and/or another account specified by the seller. In an alternate embodiment, the prospective bidder authorizes the computerized electronic auction payment system to effect a real-time payment to the seller upon the prospective bidder being deemed the winning bidder (i.e., immediately following the conclusion of the auction). That is, without the winning bidder having to access the payment page.



100

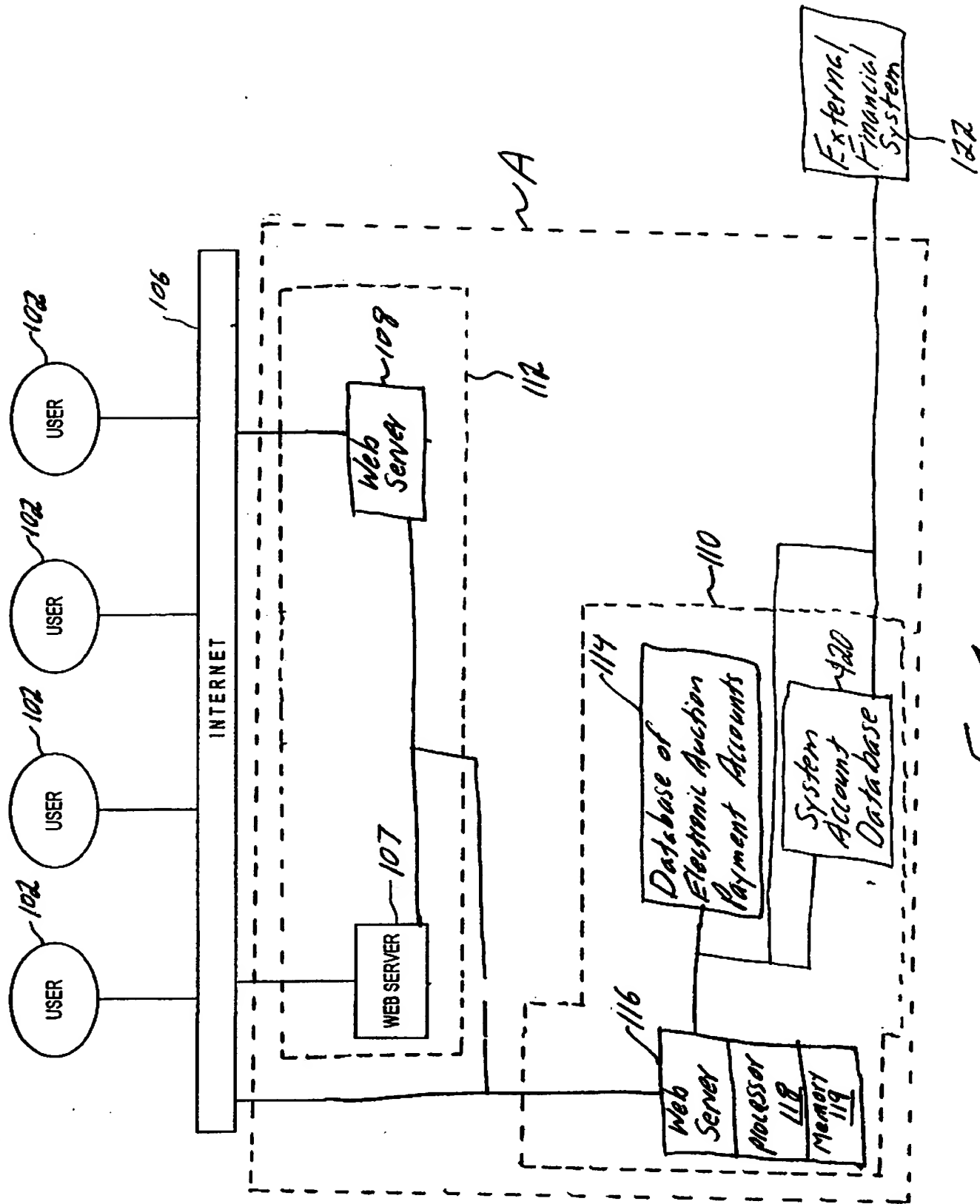


Fig. 1

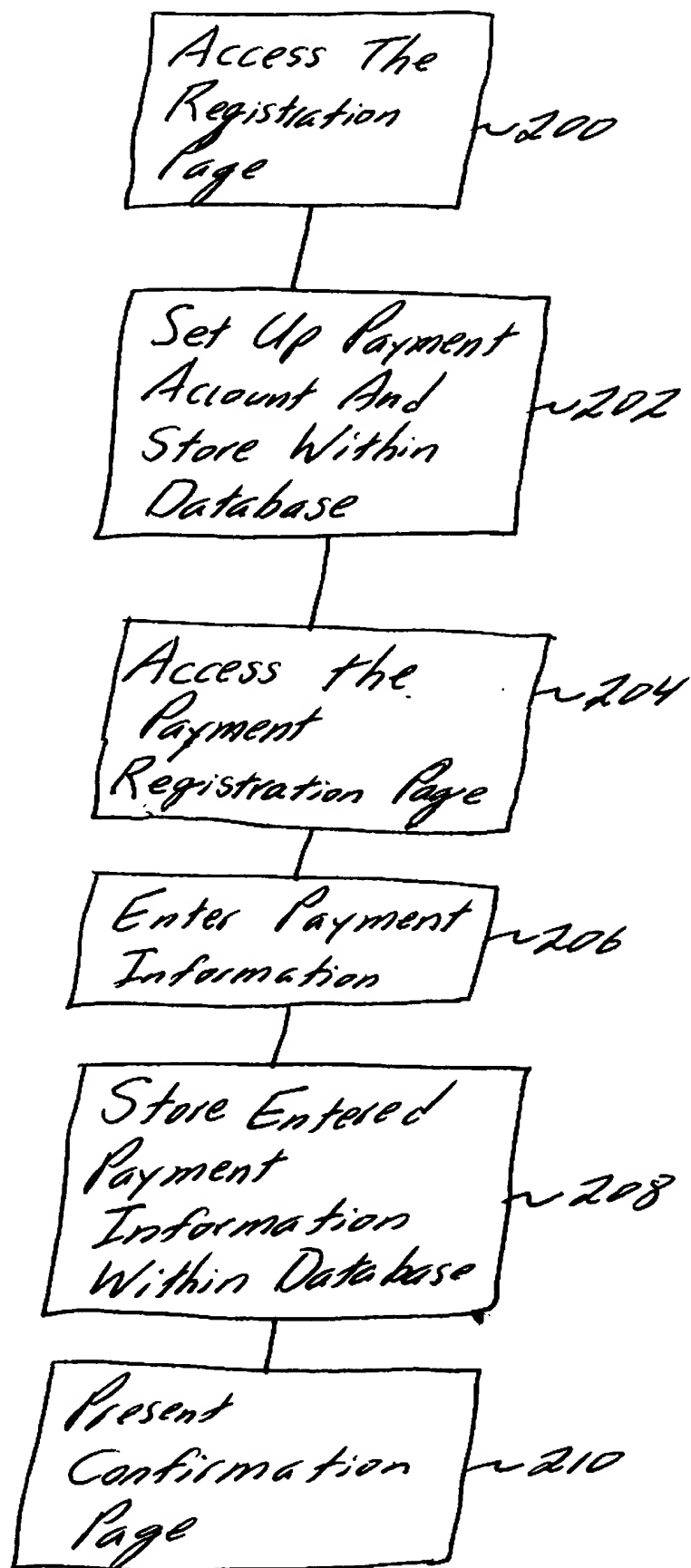


Fig. 2A

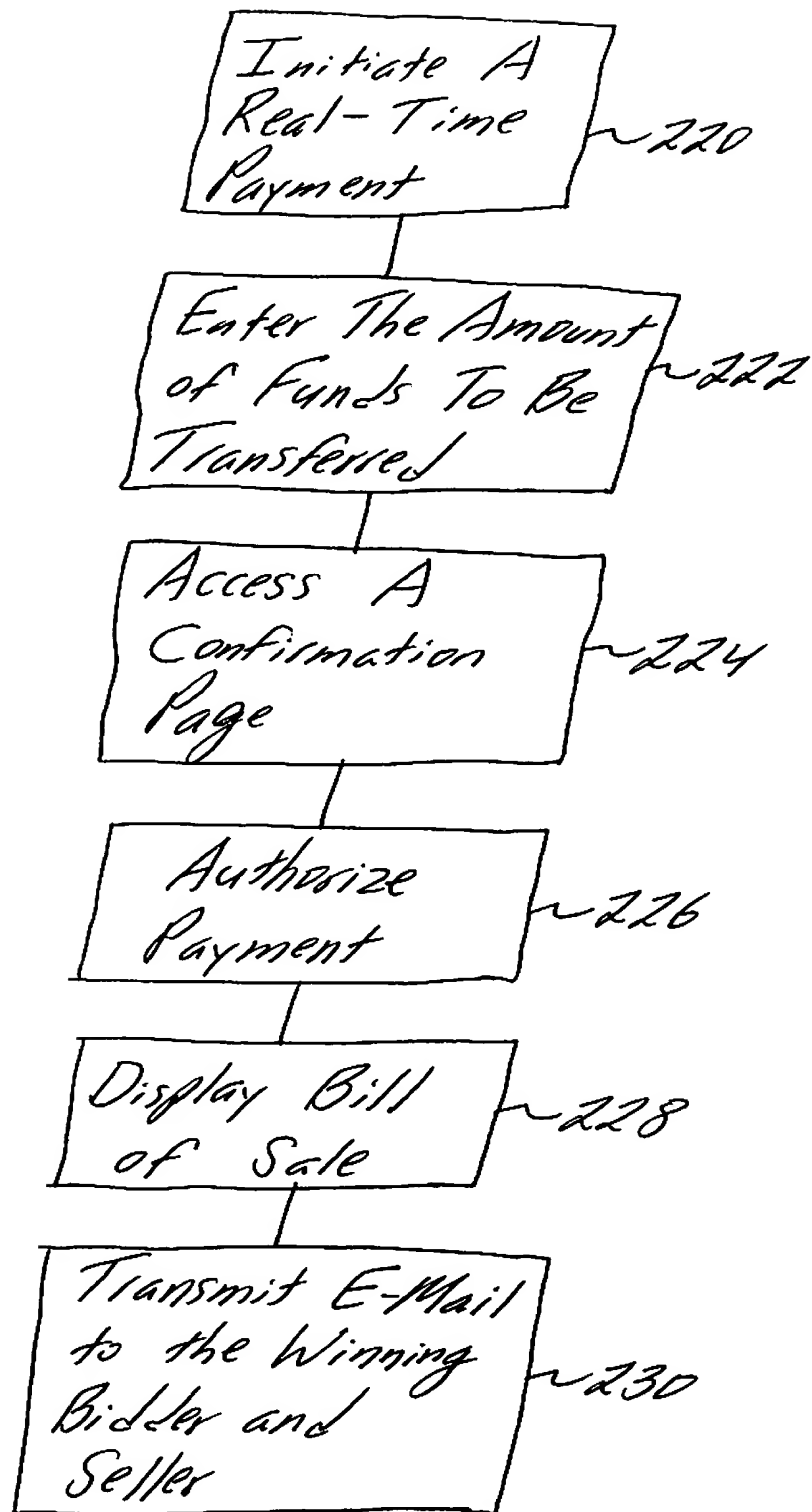


Fig. 2B

302

Please Register

First Name M.I. Last Name Date of Birth

Social Security No.

Mailing Address

City State Zip Code Country

Country of Citizenship

User - Name 304

Password 306

308 { NEXT →

Fig. 3

I. Bank Account Information

Name of Bank Account Number
 Mailing Address Name of Account Holder
 State Zip Code Country
 City

~408
 % of Funds from I. % of Funds from II.
 ~410
 % of Funds to be transferred to I. % of Funds to be transferred to II.

~412
 Enter Amount of Funds to Deposit in the Electronic Auction Payment Account

☐ 416 ~
 Automatic Payment

Please Indicate Yes (Y) or No (N)

II. Credit Card Information

Credit Card No. Exp. Date

 Name on Credit Card

 Credit Card Issuer, Verget.

Mail Bank Account Info, Credit Card Info, or Check/Money Order To:
 Auctions Payment Ltd.
 15 Mercer Lane
 New York, NY 10015
 (212) 653-2490

~414
 Enter Amount of Funds to be Withdrawn

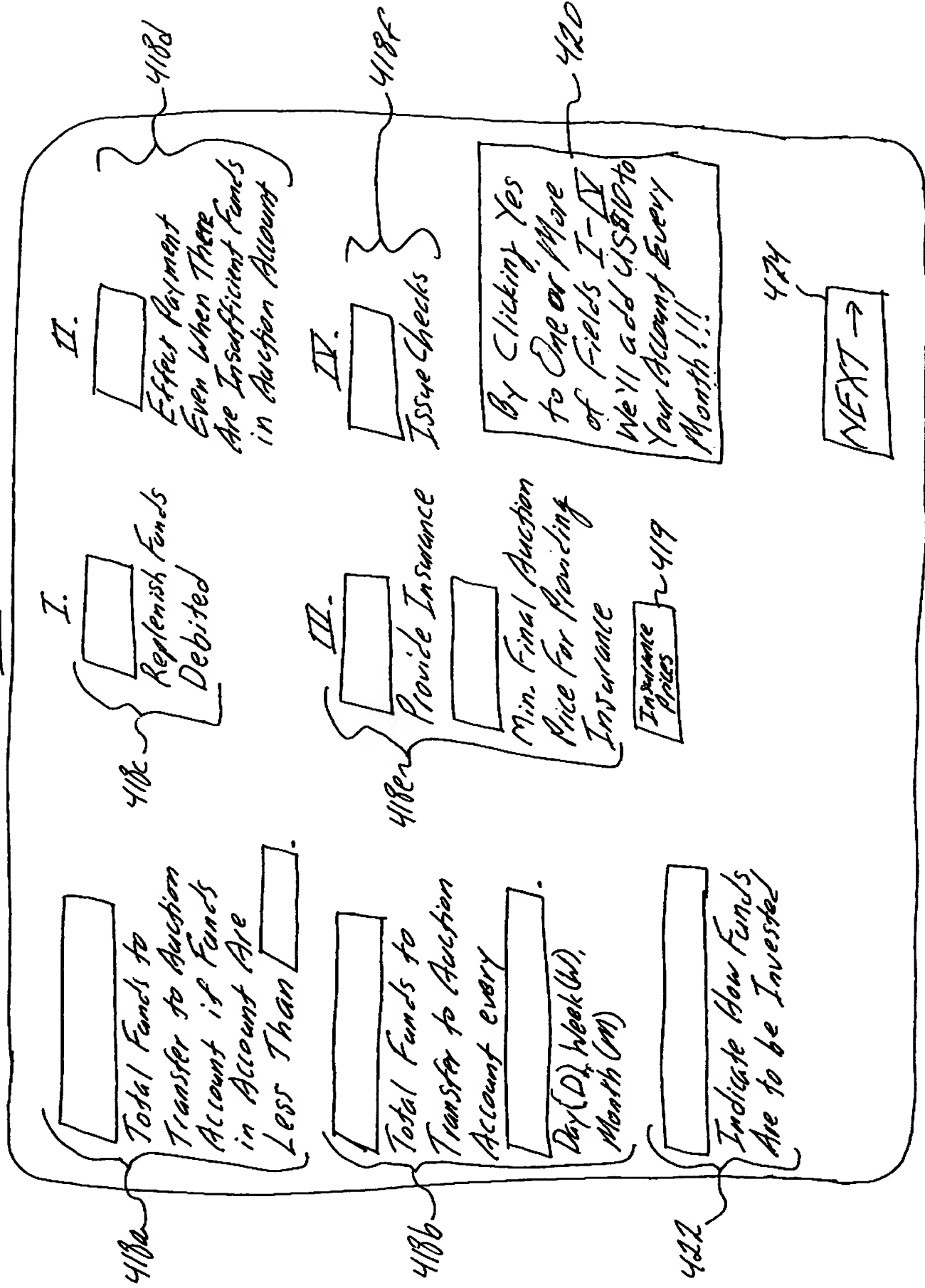


Fig. 4B

Payment Page

508 { Auction Item No.: 42134698
Item Description: Silver bowl (circa 1920)
Seller User-Name: SilverRado
Buyer User-Name: I Love Collecting
Final Auction Price: US \$115.00

509 { Enter Total Funds to Transfer:
504 { Insurance (Optional) :

Insurance
Prices 506

510 { ← Enter Password

512

Fig. 5

Confirmation Page

602 { Auction Item No.: 42134698

604 { Seller User-Name: Silver Rado

606 { Buyer User-Name: I Love Collecting

608 { Total Funds to be Transferred: US \$12535

610 { No Insurance Purchased

612 { Amount of Funds
in Account: US \$95.00

614 { System Funds to
be Used: US \$30.35

PAYMENT ~ 616

Fig. 6

Bill of Sale

702 { Auction Item No.: 42134698
704 { Item Description: Silver Bowl (circa 1970)
706 { Seller User-Name: SilverRado
708 { Buyer User-Name: I Love Collecting
710 { Electronic Auction
712 { Payment Account No.: 2693478
714 { Total Funds Transferred: US\$125.35
 { No Insurance Purchased

PRINT

716